

## Oaklands Infant School SEND Information Report (May 2023)

- <del>-</del> -	ildren/young people with Special Educational Needs or
Disabilities?  What is the school's vision and mission statement?	<ul> <li>All children are of equal worth and have the right to equal access to a broad and balanced curriculum.</li> <li>All children have the right to be valued equally, regardless of their ability, disability, gender, culture, race, ethnicity, religion, linguistic, social or care circumstances.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The interests of all pupils are best served when each pupil is able to access and focus on the education on offer.</li> </ul>
How does this relate to children with Special Educational needs and disabilities?	The above is achieved through following the <u>Aspiration and Achievement Policy</u> , through the School Development Plan and through the sharing and believing in these fundamental principles. The <u>Schools 3 I's</u> and subject documents use the term 'all' which upholds the principle of inclusion. The Child and Families Act (2014), Equality Act (2010), the SEND Code of Practise (2015, updated 2020) and Local Guidance documents, such as Ordinarily Available Provision (2022) underpin the policies and approaches used at Oaklands Infant School.
	The children with Special Educational Needs or Disabilities may have barriers to their Cognitive Development and Learning, Communication and Interaction, Social, Emotional and Mental Health and/or Sensory processing and/or physical development. These disabilities may, and often are in combination. At Oaklands we use our best endeavours to overcome these barriers to learning.
What type of school are we?	We are an Infant school. We cater for up to 180 children aged 4-7. We welcome all children with any type of special need who is able to be included in the learning of a mainstream school happily and effectively to reach their full potential.
Ofsted rating	GOOD
How does or school ensure children who need extra help are	<ul> <li>Discussion with parents/carers.</li> <li>Foundation Stage teachers and support staff home visits before starting Reception.</li> </ul>
identified early?	<ul> <li>Communication with pre-schools and nurseries prior to children starting and previous settings if coming in from a different area.</li> <li>Outside agency reports; this might include Early Years Support Team, Educational psychologist or Paediatrician etc.</li> <li>On-going teacher observations and informal assessments.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Observations from other staff.</li> <li>Formal assessments, baseline screening and other assessments as appropriate.</li> <li>Rigorous monitoring of progress data, including 3 data meetings a year with the senior management team.</li> </ul>
What should a parent do if they think their child may have special educational needs?	Go and talk to their class teacher. The SENCO may then be invited to share the conversation.

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What are the common	Speech and language difficulties.
barriers to learning in our	Autistic spectrum disorder or Asperger's Syndrome.
school?	Moderate learning difficulties, which may include early signs of dyslexia
	or other specific learning difficulties.
What does the school do	Early intervention.
to help children with	A rigorous and carefully monitored graduated response.
special education needs?	Parent involvement.
	Some access to outside agencies.
	A Family Support Advisor and Nurture Assistant.
	A small but hard-working committed staff.
	ASD/Dyslexia friendly classrooms.
	Experienced, flexible and open-minded staff.
	A range of intervention programmes.
	Monitoring pupils' outcomes, targets and provision through mapping.
	A broad balanced curriculum.
	An on-going programme of training.
	Policies that underpin excellent practise.
	Follow the guidance.
Who over sees the	The class teacher has the responsibility to ensure the child with Special
progress and provision of	Educational Needs can access a broad and balanced curriculum and make
SEN children?	the best progress they can in all areas of the curriculum.
	The SENCO over sees provision, ensuring the delivery of a graduated
	response and monitors the child's progress in detail.
How to the teachers	Universal provision will be in place. All lessons are differentiated.
match the curriculum to	Differentiation maybe in terms of amount, content, equipment support,
the individual child's	time allocated, outcome and support provided. If the child is still struggling
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much support an	these can be best overcome, take place over several months. Discussions
individual child will	will be around the child's progress in all areas of the curriculum, including
receive?	their Social, Emotional and Mental well-being. Outcomes would be decided
	in collaboration with the parents, the class teacher and sometimes outside
	agencies and the child, when possible (this is sometimes hard with children
	of this age).
	Regular reviews are held to review the impact as part of the graduated
	approach. The SENCO reports back to the Senior Leadership Team if funding
	or staffing needs to be changed. The Finance Manager, may also have input.
	Ultimately, the Headteacher makes the final decision.
	Rarely, the Local Authority or CORVUS Learning Trust may provide a
	contribution, if the situation is complicated.
How do you monitor a	Progress is monitored through on-going informal observations, assessments
child's progress and how	and as part of the graduated response cycle. Teachers also monitor through
do you communicate this	the Measuring Standard Progress document which breaks down learning
with parents?	steps into smaller chunks, so achievements can be monitored closely.
p an emeet	Progress is communicated by: parents' evenings, and review meetings.
What support do the	The school's Medical Policy provides information and procedures on medical
school offer for young	provision. Some children also have individual medical plan that provide
children's overall health	individual procedures. The Intimate Care Policy provides guidance and some
and well-being?	children also require individual plans. Separate Fire Drill and Lock Down
	plans are also written when required. Individual risk assessments for school
	trips or playtimes are sometimes written when needed.
	The Jigsaw PHSE scheme of work is followed to develop Emotional skills.
	Sometimes, Social skill small group interventions can be run to provide extra
	provision. Every year, a group of year 2 children are specifically trained to
	support their peers during playtimes with friendships and conflict resolution.
	If required, lunchtimes can be adjusted to meet certain children's needs. We
	also have children visit our reading/nurture dog each week.
What is the school	The same as any other pupil. It is unacceptable. It is recognised among all
approach to bullying for	staff that children with SEND are statistically more likely to be bullied. There
SEND learners?	are regular meetings with lunchtime controllers, support staff and teachers
	with the SENCO and the Headteacher to identify vulnerable children and
	strategies that might support them. Please see the Anti-bullying Policy.
What is the approach to	The children's social skills and emotional development are carefully
developing friendships	monitored by observing and communicating with all staff, as well as talking
and social skills for SEND	to the child and parents. The school have developed a 'Monitoring Social
learners.	and Emotional Milestones' sheet where progress in this area can be
	recorded and monitored closely. This monitoring can lead to extra support,
	either peer support. Class strategies or specialised interventions. Our
	Nurture Assistant may also be involved with provision.
What medical support is	The Medical Policy provides information on procedures.
available in school for	Most staff are first aid and EPIPEN trained.
children with SEND or	There are designated school first aiders for all pupils.
disabilities?	If any specific training and support is required then parents, the school
	nurse or another professional will provide training and support.





How does school the	Please see Medical Policy.
administration of medicines?	
What support is there for behaviour and avoiding exclusions and increasing attendance?	The school has comprehensive Behaviour Policy.  If a child is communicating through exhibiting unacceptable behaviours then a graduated response would be followed in the same Assess, Plan, Do, Review Cycle. A 'Barriers to Learning' form or an Individual Education Plan may be written with behaviour-based targets, detailing strategies and monitoring techniques.  If further help is needed then a referral may be made to the attendance specialist from the trust, social services, an Educational Psychologist, medical professional, the Family Support Advisor and/or Foundry College for behaviour support. The Headteacher, Family Support Advisor and Attendance Officer monitor attendance carefully and contact parents promptly if there is a problem. The SENCO also monitors the attendance of the children on the SEND register.
How can children contribute their views?	The children at Oaklands are very young so a practical and informal approach is taken. Opinions are sort through play, sharing work they are proud of and picture-based questionnaires (scribed for them).
What support does the school provide to develop independence and prepare children for adulthood?	<ul> <li>Universal provision, within the school through the differentiation of the curriculum promotes independence with learning.</li> <li>Individual Education Plans often will detail targets around children becoming independent with their learning. This maybe through specialised techniques or equipment provided.</li> <li>Children are encouraged to take responsibility for their work, possessions and behaviours.</li> <li>A sense of pride, respect and responsibility is promoted through the school's characters.</li> <li>Life skills and self-care are considered for children who have particular challenges in developing these areas.</li> <li>For some children, an individual Transition Plan to support transition between classes and key stages is implemented. These are written in collaboration with the child (where possible) the parents/carers, the new setting/class staff and the SENCO, as well as other professionals if required.</li> </ul>
How is this promoted in the classroom?	Classrooms have visual timetables, so children know what is timetabled for that day. This helps them to fetch the equipment they need and get into the right frame of mind for their learning. Children are given jobs of responsibility within class and the school. In year 2 they are given extra jobs of responsibility. <i>All</i> children are given this opportunity.
What interventions are in place?	Interventions are triggered to meet need and vary each term. They are reviewed in a cycle of Assess, Plan, Do and Review as part of the graduated approach.  Interventions can include; Precision Teaching, Sounds -Write interventions, Time to Talk, OT/handwriting intervention, SALT support, Autism Attention or Nurture group. Most interventions are delivered within a small group.





What wider school	Staff are responsible for the education of all the pupils in their class. The
practices are employed	SENCO is available to discuss, observe, support and monitor provision. Each
for this purpose?	Class teacher has a meeting with the SENCO once a term to monitor needs
	and provision. Teachers record interventions and their impact, and in
	collaboration with the SENCO decide whether an intervention is to continue,
	cease or change. Support staff are flexible and work where needs dictate.
	Specialist Interventions have to be initiated in response to staffing and
	financial priorities, as well as meeting the needs of the children.
What arrangements are	Access to services can be made through referrals to Educational
in place to support	Psychologist, Learning Support Service, Speech and Language etc. in the
children who are 'looked	same way as with any other child. Children's needs can be discussed at
after' and SEND?	Surgeries and relevant services contacted. The adoption service has been
	involved with several families. The SENCO, Headteacher or Family Support
	Adviser would be a point of contact. Children that cover more than one
	category feature in the vulnerable list and are closely monitored.
What specialist services	Fully qualified and experienced SENCO (part-time, non-class based) with
and expertise available at	Dyslexia certificate.
or by the school?	Nurture Assistant.
5. 2, the senson	Family Support Advisor.
	A dedicated and experienced staff.
	Oaklands can access:
	Parenting Courses (Via Family Support Advisor)  Advantal Hankle Commission (CANALIC) Please materials and the supplier in
	Mental Health Services (CAMHS) Please note the waiting list is
	approximately 2 years.
	Educational Psychology Service.
	Learning Support Service.
	School Nursing Service
	Behaviour Support- (via Foundry College) includes therapies such as,
	sand tray, art therapy, Thera-play, one to one therapy sessions,
	waterside activities.
	Sensory consortium- support for hearing and visually impaired children.
	<u>SENDIASS</u> - Parent Support and Advice. (Please see their website)
What training have the	The SENCO has the National Award for Special Needs Co-ordination from
staff supporting children	Reading University and has completed many courses regarding a wide range
with Special Educational	of Special Education Needs and Disabilities during her many years as SENCO.
Needs and disabilities	All staff are kept up to date, on a rolling programme of training, both from
have?	the SENCO and External Agencies. These include:
	ASD (Autistic Spectrum Disorder) refreshers, Dyslexic friendly classrooms
	and strategies, Occupational Therapy, Speech and Language Training,
	strategies and interventions as well as keeping up to date on current Policies
	and Procedures.
	Inset days are sometimes dedicated to SEND.
How are children	The activities planned have all the children in mind. Adjustments that are
included in activities	needed are planned for carefully and extra staff or risk assessments put in
outside the classroom	place. Parents are asked for their help and advice if the activity seems
and school trips?	challenging. The venues for school trips are visited and well known to the
	staff and relationships between the venue and staff often well established.





	We only use venues we know are suitable and inclusive. Sometimes extra
	staff are employed to support the child. Usually, the trip can be adapted if
	necessary.
How accessible is the	The school has been assessed for Disability Access and follows the
school environment?	recommendations under the accessibility section of the Disability
School Chivinoninient:	Discrimination Act. This is constantly being reviewed through the sites and
	buildings team and by reviewing the <u>Accessibility Access Plan</u> . An individual
	plan can be written if necessary.
Have there been any	There is a sound system in the hall (not loop).
Have there been any improvements in the	The classrooms are fitted with up-to-date interactive whiteboards. There is
•	·
auditory \visual environment?	no evidence to support that the interactive whiteboards are a problem with
environments	epilepsy. The classrooms are partly carpeted and have blinds reducing echo
And the medicable d	and improving quality of sound.
Are there disabled	There is a disabled toilet, with step, wet room with shower and a secure
changing facilities/toilet?	table changing table with side barriers.
How does school prepare	Visits to pre-schools and nurseries.
and support children	Home visits.
when they join?	Meetings with pre-school parents, Early Years SEN advisor, other
	relevant professionals.
	Transition programme maybe written and implemented if necessary, this
	may include extra visits and/or photo books.
	Sometimes children may already be under the Local Authority SEN team;
	information would therefore be shared at a School Planning meeting.
	The Pre-school SALT team would have already transferred information
	ready for a child's start.
	There are 2 stay and play sessions as well as two transition mornings.
	The children have a staggered start to help them settle.
How does the school	A transition programme can be written and implemented if required.
prepare and support the	This will be in collaboration with the class teacher, support staff,
children when they	SENCOs, parents and child (if appropriate).
transfer to a new school?	The SENCOs meet.
	The Junior SENCO will be invited to any review meetings.
	A detailed and thorough changeover meeting with the class teachers and
	SENCO will take place, which will include strategies and targets for next
	step of learning.
	Secure exchange of all paperwork.
	New staff visiting the child in their current setting.
	<ul> <li>Support staff visiting and talking through strategies that have worked</li> </ul>
	well.
	<ul> <li>Extra visits to new classroom can be arranged.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Photos of new classroom, key adults (booklet) can be provided.</li> </ul>
How are parents involved	Parent Celebrations of Learning each half term.
in school life?	Class Assemblies.
in sensor inc;	
	School productions.      Parent evenings
	Parent evenings.      Parious propriets.
	Review meetings.      Review meetings.      Review meetings.      Review meetings.
	Events such as Sports day, Carol Service.





How does the school communicate with parents whose first language is not English? Who can a parent contact for further information?	<ul> <li>Teachers are always happy to arrange mutually convenient times to discuss any child.</li> <li>Sometimes home school communication books are used if appropriate.</li> <li>Phone/TEAMS meetings can be arranged for mutually arranged times.</li> <li>Family Support Advisor will provide support/meet with parents as needed.</li> <li>Parents helpers for library, schools' trips and to hear children read and help with special curriculum events.</li> <li>Oaklands can contact an interpreter, but more often than not a friend, another parent or an older sibling can help.</li> <li>The class teacher is your first point of contact, then the SENCO or Headteacher. We can always help you to contact other agencies or organisations. At the end of our Local Offer, on our website, they are contact details for many organisations for support.</li> <li>SENCO: Mrs S. Bunce: 01344 774644 admin@oaklands-inf.wokingham.sch.uk</li> <li>http://oaklandsinfants.org/parents/sen/</li> </ul>
Who can you contact to make a complaint?	SENCO, Headteacher, Chair of Governors. See Complaints Procedure Policy

Review May 2025