Year 2 Geography -Great Outdoors - Local and global environmental issues



Amazon

Rainforest

Key Vocabulary		
climate	The average weather conditions over a long period of time.	
dense	Closely packed together.	
equator	An imaginary circle around the Earth which divides it into two equal parts.	
humid	Feeling very damp due to water vapour in the air.	
oxygen	The gas that humans and animals need to breathe in order to stay alive.	
species	A group of similar animals or plants.	
tropical	Somewhere that is warm all year round, but which has rainy seasons.	

The plants of the Earth's rainforests produce most of the world's **oxygen**.

Location of Tropical Rainforests North Answires Trepic of Capricore Trepic of Capricore Aprica Ap

A rainforest is a very **dense**, warm and wet forest with a tropical **climate**.

They are habitats for millions of different animals and plants.

Climate

The world's rainforests are found on the equator, where it is humid, there is lots of rain and the sunlight is directly overhead.

The Amazon Rainforest

The Amazon rainforest is the largest tropical rainforest in the world. It is found in the continent of South America and spreads across nine countries.

plant species: 40,000

freshwater fish species: 2,400

reptile

species: 370

insect species: 2.5 million

The second largest river in the world, the Amazon, runs through the Amazon rainforest. It is 4,345 miles (7000km) long.

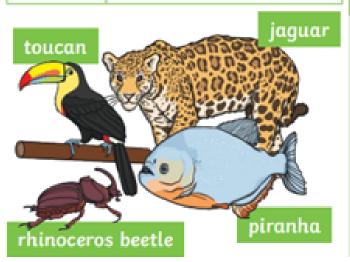
South

America

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Key Vocabulary	
crown	The crown of a tree is the branches and leaves.
dim	Not bright.
entwined	Twisted together.
nocturnal	A nocturnal animal is one that is active at night and sleeps during the day.
shrub	A small woody plant with thick leaves.

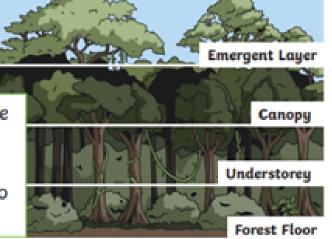


Layers of the Rainforest

A rainforest is made up of many different layers.

The Emergent Layer

The emergent layer is made up of the tallest trees in the rainforest. Some can reach 70 metres tall. They have huge leafy **crowns** that spread out to catch as much sunlight as possible.



The Canopy

The dense leafy layer with trees about 40 metres tall. They spread their branches out to catch most of the sunlight and rain. This is the most popular place to live in the jungle.

The Understorey

Full of leafy bushes
and small trees
entwined with vines.
It is dark and hot
here. Many animals
cross between this
layer and the canopy
above and many are
nocturnal.

The Forest Floor

The forest floor,
or shrub layer, is
covered in a carpet
of dead leaves. This
layer is dim and
shady. The lack of
sunlight means fewer
plants grow here.